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### B: Amendments to The Claims:

#### What is claimed is:

- 1 1. (Currently Amended) A computer program on a media
- 2 usable with a computer for testing combinational and
- 3 sequential logic circuits where memory units are coupled
- 4 together to form shift register latches that are arranged in
- 5 a shift register scan path with an input and output for
- 6 testing the logic circuits, said computer program
- 7 comprising:
- 8 load pattern computer code for shifting data through
- 9 the scan path to load the shift register latches with a
- 10 first data pattern representative of a stuck-at fault
- 11 condition and thus introducing said data into an
- 12 inaccessible latch in a stuck-at fault LSSD chain;
- 13 pattern variation computer code for causing permutation
- 14 of at least one of the following operating parameters: a
- 15 supply voltage, a reference voltage, a timing pattern
- 16 temperature and a timing sequence to trigger a change in
- 17 state of at least one of the memory units in the shift
- 18 register scan path for the purpose of locating stuck-at
- 19 fault bits in said LSSD chain; and
- 20 analyzing computer code for determining the memory unit
- 21 furthest from the shift register scan path output that has
- 22 changed state from its loaded value for the purpose of
- 23 locating stuck-at fault bits in said at least one of the
- 24 memory units.
- 2. (original) The computer program of claim 1, wherein said
- 2 pattern variation computer code is for causing permutations
- 3 in a plurality of the operating parameters.

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- 3. (original) The computer program of claim 2, wherein said
- 3 analyzing computer code includes shifting code for shifting
- 4 data out of the scan path after each of the operating parameters is separately permuted.

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- 4. (Previously Amended) The computer program of claim 3,
- 3 wherein said analyzing computer code includes selection
- 4 computer code for selecting the last bit read out that has
- 5 changed from its load pattern as being from the shift register latch closest to the stuck-at fault condition.

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- 2 5. (currently amended) A method for testing combinational
- 3 and sequential logic circuits where memory units are coupled
- 4 together to form shift register latches, arranged in a shift
- 5 register scan path with an input and output for testing the
- 6 logic circuits, the method comprising:
- 7 determining a stuck-at fault condition exists in one of
- 8 the shift register latches;
- 9 shifting data through the scan path to load the shift
- 10 register latches with a first data pattern representative of
- 11 the outputs state as a result of the stuck-at fault
- 12 condition and thus introducing said data into an
- 13 <u>inaccessible latch in a stuck-at fault LSSD chain;</u>
- 14 causing permutation of at least one of the following
- 15 operating parameters: a supply voltage; a reference
- 16 voltage; a timing pattern temperature and a timing sequence
- 17 to trigger a change in state from the stuck-at fault state
- 18 of at least one of the memory units in the shift register
- 19 scan path for the purpose of locating stuck-at fault bits in
- 20 said stuck-at fault LSSD chain; and
- 21 determining the memory unit furthest from the shift
- 22 register scan path output that has changed state from its

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loaded value for the purpose of locating stuck-at fault bits in said at least one of the memory units.

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- 6. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 5 including: 3
- causing permutations in a plurality of the operating 4 parameters in determining said memory unit furthest from the

shift register scan path output. 1

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- 7. (original) The method of claim 6 including: 3 shifting data out of the scan path after each of the
- operating parameters is separately permuted. 1

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- 8. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 7 including: 3
- selecting the last bit read out that has changed from 4 its load pattern as being from the shift register latch
- closest to the stuck-at fault memory condition. 1

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9. (Previously submitted) The method of claim 5 including 3 loading all shift register latches of the scan chain with 1 stuck fault output state.

- 10. (Currently Amended) A computer program on a media usable 3
- with a computer for testing combinational and sequential 4
- logic circuits where memory units are coupled together to
- form shift register latches that are arranged in a shift б
- register scan path with an input and output for testing the 7
- logic circuits, said computer program comprising: 8
- stuck fault detection code for detecting a stuck-at 9
- fault output level of the shift register scan path from an 10
- 11 expect state;
- load pattern computer code for shifting data through 12
- the scan path to load the shift register latches of the scan 13
- path with the detected stuck-at fault output level condition 14

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15 and thus introducing said data into an inaccessible latch in

- 16 a stuck-at fault LSSD chain;
- 17 pattern variation computer code for causing permutation
- 18 of at least one of the following operating parameters:
- 19 supply voltage, a reference voltage, a timing pattern
- 20 temperature and a timing sequence to trigger a change in
- 21 state of at least one of the memory units in the shift
- 22 register scan path that is detectable at the output of the
- 23 shift register scan path for the purpose of locating
- 24 stuck-at fault bits in said stuck-at fault LSSD chain; and
- 25 analyzing computer code for determining the memory unit
- 26 furthest from the shift register scan path output that has
- 27 changed state from its loaded value as a result of
- 28 permutations of an operating parameter <u>for the purpose of</u> <u>locating stuck-at fault bits in said at least one of the</u>
- 1 memory units.

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- 3 11. (Previously submitted) A computer program of claim 10 including masking code for masking out all expects for
- latches following and including a farthest failing latch.

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- 3 12. (Previously submitted) The computer program of claim
- 4 11, wherein said pattern variation computer code is for
- 5 causing permutations in a plurality of the operating
- 6 parameters centered around a working threshold varying the operating parameters in the vicinity of the working
- 1 threshold.

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- 3 13. (Previously submitted) The computer program of claim 12,
- 4 wherein said analyzing computer code includes shifting code for shifting data out of the scan path after each of the
- 1 operating parameters is separately permuted.

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- 3 14. (Currently Amended) The computer program of claim 11,
- 4 wherein said analyzing computer code includes selection
- 5 computer code for selecting the last bit read out that has
- 6 changed from its load pattern as being from the shift register latch closest to the a stuck at fault memory unit having a stuck at fault.

#### C: Remarks:

The undersigned talked with the Examiner the week of April 1, 2005 and having received the rejection then discussed thanks the Examiner for his careful examination and suggestion as to the claims which have been adopted. The suggestion that language relating to "introducing said data into an inaccessible latch in a stuck-at fault LSSD chain"..and then to trigger a change in state of at least one of the memory units in the shift register scan path that is detectable at the output of the shift register scan path for the purpose of locating stuck-at fault bits in said stuck-at fault LSSD chain has been introduced into each independent claim. This is acknowledged as not shown in the art.

Any further changes in language that the examiner believe appropriate can be agreed to by telephone if required and this amendment suggested by the examiner is being faxed to make sure early consideration results in a statement of allowable subject matter.